

APPENDICES

Appendix A:
The Total Cloze Tests
In the Name of God
Cloze Tests

نام و نام خانوادگی رشته تحصیلی	
بارم	متون زیر را بخوانید و با استفاده از گزینه های داده شده جاهای خالی آنها را پر کنید متن اول:
5	<p>(A). Naghsh-e-Jahan Square, officially known as Imam Square, formerly known as Shah Square, is situated at the center of Isfahan city, Iran. It is a/an (1) ----- historical site and one of UNESCO's World Heritage Sites. The square is (2) ----- by buildings from the Safavid era. The Shah Mosque is situated on the south side of this (3) ----- . On the west side you can (4) ----- Ali Qapu Palace. Sheikh Lof Allah Mosque is (5) ----- on the eastern side of this square and the northern side opens into the Isfahan Grand Bazaar. Today, Namaaz-e Jom'eh (the Muslim Friday prayer) is held in this square in front of the Shah Mosque.</p> <p>1) a. important b. common c. similar d. final 2) a. compared b. created c. surrounded d. situated 3) a. road b. square c. street d. land 4) a. keep b. improve c. find d. create 5) a. based b. relied c. suggested d. situated</p> <p style="text-align: right;">متن دوم:</p> <p>B). Amir Kabir started some reformist movements in Persia. He (6) ----- Darolfonoon, the first European-style university in Persia in 1848, which taught (7) ----- sciences and languages. Decades later, many (8) ----- of this establishment (9) ----- into the University of Tehran, with the remaining becoming Darolfonoon Secondary School. He (10) ----- supported the foundation of the first Persian newspaper, vaghaye al etefaghiyeh. He established and planned for almost all of the industries that were existent in the world in that era, in Persia.</p> <p>6) a. compared b. contacted c. observed d. founded 7) a. similar b. actual c. usual d. modern 8) a. processes b. parts c. levels d. procedures 9) a. turned b. threw c. moved d. entered 10) a. since b. still c. also d. though</p> <p style="text-align: right;">متن سوم :</p> <p>(C). During the Nowruz holidays, people are expected to visit one another in the form of short house visits, which are usually reciprocated. Typically, on the first day of Nowruz, family (11) ----- gather around the table, with the <i>Haft Seen</i> on the table or set next to it, and await the (12) ----- moment of the arrival of the spring. At that time gifts are exchanged. Later in the day, the first house visits are (13) ----- to the most senior family members. (14) -----, the youth will visit the elders first, (15) ----- the elders return their visit later. When in previous year, a family member is deceased, the tradition is to visit that family first.</p> <p>11) a. members b. shows c. lives d. businesses 12) a. extra b. similar c. exact d. usual 13) a. explained b. paid c. sent d. compared</p>
	ردیف
	1

- 14) a. Finally b. Officially c. Typically d. Suddenly
 15) a. or b. if c. still d. and

متن چهارم

(D). Many people suffer from a cold or coughing in winter. There are many popular drugs (16) ----- which can give you some relief. However, they may also (17) ----- -- some side effects. Specifically, they may make you feel sleepy and slow down your (18) ----- . This could interfere with your ability to work or drive (19) ----- . Some people complain that these (20) ----- irritate their stomach too. Doctors suggest that you read the directions carefully before swallowing any medicine.

- 16) a. available b. flexible c. impossible d. reasonable
 17) a. prefer b. store c. cause d. explain
 18) a. confidence b. reaction c. experiment d. interest
 19) a. dangerously b. slowly c. carelessly d. safely
 20) a. nutrients b. medicines c. behaviors d. injuries

متن پنجم

(F). One of the oldest and cheapest sources of power is water. Water running through a narrow gate or falling a short distance can be converted into mechanical energy and then into electrical energy. Water wheels have been (21) ----- in many parts of the world for countless ages. The textile mills of early America were (22) ----- by the many waterfalls along the eastern coast of the country. In India and Africa today people (23) ----- depend on oxen or other animals to move water because the land is too (24) ----- to produce waterfalls and (25) ----- power cannot be used. Today water is used more often to create electricity than to turn grindstones.

- 21) a. used b. destroyed c. forced d. prevented
 22) a. joined b. powered c. designed d. followed
 23) a. until b. since c. thus d. still
 24) a. strong b. old c. flat d. far
 25) a. wheel b. land c. animal d. water

متن ششم

(E). Women outlive men by an average of 8 years. A California study compared the life and health behaviors of men and women. They (26) ----- that women actually had more (27) ----- behaviors than men, but despite this, they lived longer. The (28) ----- risk factors for men (29) ----- smoking, drinking, and not being married. For women, they were smoking, physical inactivity, and few social (30) ----- . There is some indication that hormones, not behaviors, influence the length of life for men and women.

- 26) a. forced b. allowed c. decided d. found
 27) a. unplanned b. unnatural c. unhealthy d. unpopular
 28) a. highest b. best c. latest d. oldest
 29) a. improved b. insisted c. included d. followed
 30) a. events b. contacts c. rules d. researches

لطفا به سوال زیر پاسخ دهید.

1- آیا با موضوع متنهای اول دوم و سوم آشنایی داشتید؟ این متنها در چه موردی بودند

Appendix B:
INUEE's Cloze Tests

Math-1384/2005

Most slang words are used more in speaking than in writing. // For this reason, few of them can be found in dictionaries. // (16) -----, slang words are among those used most often. // Slang words (17) -----by some groups such as workers, students, and musicians. // They are used to (18) ----- a new object, idea or (19) -----// At first only the members of the (20) ----- groups understand the slang words. // Later, some of the slang words are used by other people.//

16. 1) Although 2) Even though 3) Unless 4) However ×
17. 1) are awarded to 2) are made up 3) are written for 4) are performed by
18. 1) describe × 2) operate 3) survive 4) provide
19. 1) experiment 2) experience × 3) mission 4) instrument
20) 1) fashionable 2) natural 3) regular 4) special ×

Science- 1384/2005

The Eiffel Tower rises upwards from an open space in the West of Paris.// It (1) ----- built by the French engineer Alexander- Gustave Eiffel, who was by then (2) ----- for his construction of bridges. // The tower is made of steel (3) ----- some 7,000 tons.// It is 322 meters high from the (4) ----- of the building, including a 17 meter television antenna. // (5) ----- the construction of the Empire State Building New York in 1931, it was the tallest building in the world.//

1. 1) is 2) was × 3) has 4) had
2. 1) formal 2) funny 3) final 4) famous ×
3. 1) depending 2) carrying 3) weighing × 4) noticing
4. 1) base × 2) organ 3) norm 4) field
5. 1) On 2) With 3) By 4) Until ×

Math-1385/2006

The earliest ice-cream was probably snow mixed with honey or fruit juice.// It is known to have to have been (1) ----- by the Romans.// The early Arab and Persians (2) ----- had something similar called “sherbet” which is (3) ----- the origin of the word “sorbet”, (4) ----- water ice. //The Iranians first made ice creams known to the rest of Europe. //Jacob Fussel was the first trading the (5) ----- of ice cream in the United States in Baltimore in 1851, but ice cream was not widely available until after 1900.//

- 1.1) eaten × 2) taken 3) managed 4) separated
2. 1) although 2) besides 3) also × 4) either
3. 1) luckily 2) probably × 3) mostly 4) finally
4. 1) meaning × 2) considering 3) performing 4) preparing
5. 1) discoverer 2) employer 3) observer 4) manufacturer×

Science-1385/2006

Victore Hugo is a famous character in literature. He was the son of a general who (1) ----- in the armies of Napoleon I.// Hugo went to Paris with his mother at he age of ten. // His first book of poetry was so (2) ----- that he decided to be a writer.// He became a chief (3) ----- of the Romantic Movement, which was trying to change styles and themes of writing. // He published (4) ----- of literary works such as: novels, plays and epic poetry.// Many of his novels and plays (5) ----- his interest in politics.// After France became a republic Hugo returned to Paris as a hero. In 1878 he fell ill and died.//

1. 1) hired 2) located 3) served × 4) joined
2. 1) successful × 2) aware 3) flexible 4) explicit
3. 1) winner 2) labourer 3) foreigner 4) member ×

Science-1387/2008

The International Olympic Committee has a membership of 70 countries. //It makes the (91) ----- that govern the Games. //The games are always (92) ----- to a city, never to a country. //This is done to try to keep politics (93) ----- the Games. // Each Olympic Games lasts about two weeks.// Every participating country (94) ----- to four entries in the winter games and three in (95) ----- events. //Competitions must be citizens of the country they represent, and each must sign a statement that he or she is an amateur. //There is no age limit.//

91. 1) rules × 2) choices 3) degrees 4) details
92. 1) instructed 2) won 3) awarded × 4) recorded
93. 1) far 2) away 3) back of 4) out of×
94. 1) limits 2) has limited 3) has been limited 4) is limited×
95. 1) natural × 2) individual 3) regular 4) actual

Math-1388/2009

Mars is the fourth planet from the Sun and the next beyond the Earth.// It is about one-and-a-half times as far from the Sun as the Earth, so it does not (86) ----- as much heat.// Nevertheless, it is the only planet with (87) ----- anything like those on the Earth, and for a long time (88) ----- to support some form of life.//Mars is about half the size of the earth but has (89) ----- one-tenth the Earth's mass.// So its gravity is much less.// Its distance from the Sun varies, as does its distance from the Earth.// When Mars is (90) ----- the Earth, it is said to be "at opposition" and this is the best time for observing it with a telescope.//

86. 1) remove 2) release 3) receive × 4) recycle
87. 1) conditions × 2) destinations 3) comparisons 4) connections
88. 1) believed 2) believing 3) is believed 4) was believed×
89. 1) as 2) only × 3) any 4) many
90. 1) close 2) closet to × 3) closer to 4) as close as

Science-1388/2009

The calendar is a method by which people measure time for their own internal or religious purposes, dividing it into years, months, weeks, and days.// People of ancient times based the earliest calendars on the most clear regular (86) ----- they knew- the movements of the Sun and Moon, which together (87) ----- the three simplest divisions of time.// These are the day, the lunar month, and the solar year.// We now know that the (88) ----- movements of the Sun across the sky (89) ----- the Earth's turning. // The day is the time (90) ----- by the earth to orbit on its axis_ just under 24 hours.// The lunar month is the time between two new moons_ about 29.5 days.//

86. 1) details 2) effects 3) aspects 4) events ×
87. 1) increase 2) includes 3) produce × 4) improve
88. 1) regular × 2) facial 3) definite 4) growing
89. 1) causes × 2) causing 3) being caused 4) is caused by
90. 1) taken × 2) is taken 3) is taking 4) which takes