The 38th meeting of the Association of Research Libraries was held in Iowa City, Iowa, on January 26, 1952, in connection with the dedication ceremonies for the new library building at the State University of Iowa. Three sessions were required for the 38th meeting of ARL, all being held in the historic Old Capitol building.

**First Session**

*Newspapers on Microfilm*

A new edition of *Newspapers on Microfilm* was reported in progress. The original 1948 edition was published by ARL. The new edition is to be published by the Library of Congress and will be based in part upon the records accumulated in the Microfilming Clearing House at LC. Mr. Schwegmann of LC plans to complete the editorial work before June 30, 1952.

*Farmington Plan*

The Farmington Plan, whereby ARL members in cooperation seek to get into the country and have centrally recorded one copy of each book of research importance, was presented by Mr. Metcalf. He recalled that after the last two meetings he had been directed to prepare a simplified classification that might be used for a concentration of Farmington receipts among some 25 large libraries. His investigation of this problem not being complete, he was asked to continue the study.

A thorough discussion followed on the problem of so-called "minor languages," and whether materials from "minor language" countries should be distributed according to subject classification (the original concept of the Farmington Plan) or whether, because of language and cataloging difficulties, these materials should be sent to a single library. The suggestion to handle materials in some of the less widely read languages by ignoring the subject classification was rejected.

In further discussion, it was revealed that approximately 17,000 books had been received by Farmington Plan libraries during the past year, of which at least 50% would not have come into the country without the Plan. No extension of the Farmington Plan to new countries was authorized, although the Committee on National Needs proposed to suggest certain "critical areas" for future consideration, as, for example, South East Asia. Countries included in the Farmington Plan at present are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Denmark, Ecuador, France, Germany, Italy, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Peru, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland.

**Second Session**

*Manuscripts, Copyright, etc.*

Mr. Rice of NYPL raised a question on the implementation of the "Report on the Use of Manuscripts" (see *C&RL* Jan. 1952, p. 58-60) which led directly to a discussion on literary rights and copyright. The Executive Secretary, Mr. David, reported that he had referred to the National Historical Publications Commission the problem of perpetual literary property rights.

Mr. Coney of California then referred to the need for a better understanding of copyright and the rights of libraries or scholars to make copies of copyrighted material. Mr. Shaw of the Department of Agriculture suggested that the issue related primarily to the private use of materials, a use outside the scope-of copyright. Private use of copies is permissible but cannot, of course, include republication rights or public uses.

With respect to manuscript materials, it was noted that the courts have to date held that publication takes place when the material has been placed in a public institution. When the person who sells or gives the manuscript to a library is also the owner of both property and literary rights the manuscript is published and the library is free to use it in any way it wishes. But under these decisions, when

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1 On sale for $2.00 by Dr. C. W. David, University of Pennsylvania Libraries, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
the owner of a manuscript does not own the literary property he has no right to publish it by giving or selling it to a public institution, and if the literary property does not pass to the library with the manuscript the library would continually be violating the common law literary property in such a manuscript by making it publicly available.

**Publication and Recording of Dissertations**

Mr. Ellsworth of Iowa presented a report for his committee which stressed (A) that all doctoral dissertations be published, (B) that micropublication was suitable, and (C) that abstracts be made periodically available. The report then recommended that ARL members join an enlarged Microfilm Abstracts program, with participation possible on different levels, according to the method in which micropublication was handled. In support of the committee report, Mr. Ellsworth remarked on the desirability of using an existing organization (University Microfilms) and an existing abstract journal, particularly as they assured speedy publication and bibliographical control. In the discussion that followed, the costs of the Microfilm Abstracts service were sharply attacked. The program was also seen to be, in a sense, a duplication of Doctoral Dissertations, a successful ARL bibliography for many years. A motion to adopt the report was carried, however. An investigation was also asked for a cumulative index to Doctoral Dissertations.

**Safeguarding Library Materials in the Event of War**

Mr. Rice of NYPL stated that a committee of the CNLA is at work on this matter and that suggestions for local action will soon be forthcoming.

**Exports to Russia and Other Countries Under Communist Control**

Recent relief granted by the Department of Commerce permitting licensed exportation has made committee study and action unnecessary.

**Microfilm Lending**

Mr. Lyle of Louisiana presented a report for his committee, as follows:

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**Policy on the Interlibrary Lending of Microfilm**

The Committee on the Interlibrary Lending of Microfilm favors a liberal policy of microfilm lending. The principal provisions of such a policy are set forth below. It should be borne in mind that any one provision listed below is subject to the limitations implied in the other provisions.

1. The conditions of loan set forth in the proposed revision of the ALA Interlibrary Loan Code under Part I: Principles and Policies should apply to the interlibrary lending of microfilm. Specific reference is made in Part I of the Code to the purpose, responsibilities, expenses, and duration of interlibrary loans.

2. Positive microfilm should be lent freely and without restriction.

3. Negative microfilm should be lent provided the lending library owns the original, or has easy access to the original for rephotographing, and provided the original is not so fragile that re-photographing would damage it. Extreme care should be exercised in handling negative microfilm.

4. Microfilm of manuscript material owned by another library should not be lent without the permission of that library except in instances where it is quite obvious such permission is unnecessary. The use of such material should be subject to the conditions imposed on the borrowing library by the report of the Committee on the Use of Manuscripts.

5. The requesting library is required to name in the first application for a loan of microfilm the type of microfilm reading equipment it has available for use. Microfilm should be restricted for use in the building where suitable equipment and supervision are available for its use.

6. The minimum unit of loan will be one reel. Not more than four reels should be requested at one time.

Upon motion, the report was adopted as a statement of policy.

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**Third Session**

**Princeton Statistics**

Discussion on the statistics annually assembled and distributed by Princeton was led by Mr. Heyl. It was agreed that the annual report should hereafter be arranged alpha-
betically and should include only those colleges and universities having membership in ARL.

Committee on Bibliography

Mr. Shaw of USDAL presented a brief report describing the approach to the problem of entry and abbreviation in *Chemical Abstracts*, the reversal of *Biological Abstracts* policy which resulted in sections of *BA* becoming available again on library subscription, and a proposal for a research grant in bibliographic communication.

Committee on Serials

Mr. Brown of Iowa State College introduced the report of his committee by remarking on the increase of journal subscription rates. French technical and scientific journals may cost 50% more in 1952 than in 1951. English and American prices for scientific and technical journals were estimated to be 25% higher in 1952 than in 1951. The prices for 1953 will be further increased.

The practice of some publishers in charging libraries a rate higher than that charged individuals has been observed by the Committee. Some publishers are setting U.S. subscription rates higher than rates for other countries. Strong protests have been made against these discriminations.

Chinese Importations

Mr. David announced that the Treasury Department has been receptive to his request that 13 libraries be permitted licenses to import Chinese books. Complete information on procedure was expected soon.

Henry Silver

Having learned from Mr. Pargellis of Newberry that the ACLS study on publication costs and Mr. Henry Silver’s good work had been terminated, it was moved that a letter be sent to ACLS emphasizing the services of Mr. Silver and the regret of ARL that the important study had been discontinued.

Publication of the National Union Catalog, etc.

Mr. Clapp of LC described the project, soon to begin, of filming the Union Catalog as a security measure. Various proposals have also been made in recent years for the publication of the Union Catalog in printed form. Preliminary studies on cost and form have been made by LC. The possibilities of publication are now ready for study by a joint committee of national library organizations.

LC has also started work which will extend the Slavic Union Catalog (a separate part of the National Union Catalog) to include subject and title cards. The expanded Cyrillic Union Subject Catalog will be completed, according to present plans, in 1953.

The promotion of UNESCO coupons was recommended by an action requesting ALA to submit the matter for ALA Council consideration.

Fulbright Scholarships

Mr. Clapp, having been in a position to review the applications of librarians for Fulbright awards, remarked on the necessity for well-matured and sound project descriptions. He suggested that ARL members concern themselves with finding good candidates and in giving advice on project descriptions.

USBEx and Non-Trade Publications

A proposal was made by Mr. Wagman of LC and approved that ARL support the experimental use of USBE facilities in the procurement of non-trade publications.

Election of Officers

Mr. Miller of Indiana was elected Executive Secretary, replacing Mr. David who had served in this post faithfully and efficiently for five years. Mr. David was elected to the Advisory Committee, replacing the senior member, Mr. P. N. Rice.—R. A. Miller, executive secretary.

Danish Microfilming Project

The firm of Arthur G. Hasso in Hellerup, Denmark, has announced a microfilming project for complete files of leading Danish newspapers. This firm has been engaged in an extensive microfilming project for the Genealogical Society, Salt Lake City, Utah, in preparing copies of Danish parish registers, census records, military levying rolls, probate records, etc. Details may be obtained from the firm at 4-10 Sundvej, Hellerup, Denmark.
News from the Field

Acquisitions, Gifts, Collections

Bryn Mawr College has received by gift and bequest from Howard L. Goodhart almost one thousand volumes, to form the Marjorie Walter Goodhart Mediaeval Library. The collection, which contains numerous examples from such well-known 15th century printers as Aldus, Jenson, John of Spire, Peter Schoeffer, Stephan Plannk, Zainer, Zel, Ratdolt, Koberger, Koelhoff, Gui Marchand, Jean Petit, Anton Sort, Sweynheym and Pannartz, and numerous others, is particularly strong in theological and philosophical works but includes materials on law, medicine and music as well as contemporary editions of 15th century authors. Among the authors and titles represented are Saint Jerome, Eusebius, Gregory I, Bonaventura, Bernard de Clairvaux, Albertus Magnus, Thomas Aquinas, Duns Scotus, Boethius, Rolewinck’s Fasciculus Temporum, Columna’s Hypnerotomachia Poliphili, Savonarola, Justinian, Caesar, Boccaccio, Vergil, Dante, Josephus, Petrarch, and Gafurius’ Practica Musicae.

Acquisition by the Yale University Library of “the most important Americana find in years” brought nationwide publicity. The Pequot Library Association of Southport, Connecticut, has lent to Yale the collection to which three Southport citizens had contributed to the upbuilding. These included papers signed by Queen Elizabeth I and Kings Henry VII and Henry VIII; a set of autographs of the signers of the Declaration of Independence; Hakluyt’s Principal Navigations, 1589; a printed letter in Latin by Christopher Columbus describing his trip to the New World, and John Elliot’s 1663 translation of the Bible into the Indian tongue. A fuller account of the “find” appeared in Time, April 14, 1952.

The archives and files of the publishing firm of Henry Holt and Company have been presented to Princeton University by the company. Particularly valuable because of the extensive author-publisher correspondence represented, the collection promises to be a valuable source for 19th and 20th century literary research. The Holt company has announced its intention of maintaining the collection by adding later materials as they become available.

The personal papers of the late Henry L. Stimson have been presented to Yale University. The vast collection of over 60,000 documents covers Stimson’s life from his days as a student at Andover and Yale, down through his service as Secretary of State in the Hoover Cabinet, ending in 1933. In accordance with the wishes of Stimson, who graduated from Yale in 1888, the papers were presented to the university by the Henry L. Stimson Literary Trust.

The personal papers of the late William Howard Taft, his father Alphonso Taft, and other members of the Taft family have recently been presented by the former President’s children to the Library of Congress as a gift to the nation. Part of the papers have been in the library since 1919, when the former President himself deposited them there. The collection, consisting of some 500,000 items, contains correspondence with figures of national importance. Until January 1, 1960, the papers may be consulted only with the permission of the Taft family. Permission should be requested through the Chief of the Manuscripts Division of the library.

A first edition of the earliest American architectural book written and published in the United States has been added to the Columbia University Libraries. The book, The Country Builder’s Assistant, written and published in 1797 by Asher Benjamin and containing “new designs in country building and architecture,” received wide distribution throughout the colonies and exerted a profound influence on the development of architecture in the United States. In the volume, for the first time, there were designs for specific American use which would be executed by builders in remote areas where architects, as such, were not available.

Bombed, water-soaked, mutilated, and ten years late, the last parcel of a gift from Japan, dedicated to the improvement of Japanese-American understanding, has arrived at the Columbia University East Asiatic Library. The delayed gift, comprising more than 300 volumes representing the last pre-war Japanese thought in the arts, social sciences, and humanities, was made to the
University just prior to Pearl Harbor by the Nichi-Bei bunka gakkai (The Japanese Culture Center of America), which had its headquarters in Tokyo.

The Grosvenor Library, Buffalo, announces the receipt of a substantial bequest from one of its outstanding benefactors, George Nathan Newman, who died July 28, 1951. Over a period of twenty years, Mr. Newman gave the library between 30,000 and 40,000 volumes, chiefly in the fields of art, music, literature, genealogy, and local history, and 7000 phono gram records. Mr. Newman left the library his house and the contents thereof, including approximately 6,000 volumes, an extensive stamp collection and numerous framed prints and pictures. He also left the library approximately $10,000.00 in cash and an interest in a valuable piece of property in the main business district of Buffalo.

A Lincoln document which provided one of the notable “scoops” of newspaper history has been given to the Cornell University Library. The manuscript, signed in Lincoln’s hand, is an engrossed copy of his Emancipation Proclamation freeing the slaves. Its acquisition came with a gift of original Lincoln material from Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas H. Noyes of Indianapolis. The Noyes gift also includes the original manuscripts of Lincoln’s Congressional message of 1862 on the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and of part of his final speech in the unsuccessful senatorial campaign of 1858 against Stephen A. Douglas.

Through the generosity of two alumni, one of the long-felt needs of the Cornell University Library has been met by the establishment of a Rare Book and Manuscript Department. An alumnus who wishes to remain anonymous was inspired by the recent discovery of the long-sought diaries of Cornell’s first president, Andrew D. White, and encouraged by the fascinating accounts of literary research in Altick’s The Scholar Adventurers, to make a gift to provide for the first year’s operation. Support for continued operation over a period of years from the same source has been generously assured. These funds have been available for the operation and development of the rare book collection, but not for the provision of quarters.

To meet the need of preparing suitable space in the library building, another donor, Victor Emanuel ’19, gave support. This made it possible to install air-conditioning for two floors of stack, provide additional steel shelving, paint where needed, and make suitably secure the whole area used to house the rare books.

One of Louisiana’s better known private book collections, consisting of more than 3,000 volumes, has been presented to the Howard-Tilton Memorial Library at Tulane University. The collection, bequeathed to Tulane by the will of the late Mrs. Mary Thomas Duncan of Alexandria, La., consists primarily of historical and legal materials and is especially strong in Louisiana and southern historical volumes. It includes early Louisiana and southern biographies and journals, complete files of several outstanding historical journals, and many standard works on regional history. Of special interest are a letter from Edward Livingston, noted Louisiana statesman of the 19th century, several volumes of newspapers published at Alexandria during the Civil War, and original early 19th century legal treatises and manuscripts of southern historical interest.

Aimed at preserving the minutiae which are the key to history, a new division of manuscripts has been started at the University of North Dakota library under the direction of two University history professors. The new division is called the Orin G. Libby Historical Manuscripts Collection, in honor of Dr. Libby, who sponsored the organization of the North Dakota State Historical Society, and for the next forty years served as its secretary, editor, and principal contributor to its publications. The collection of letters, manuscripts, business papers and similar material concerning North Dakota will provide a priceless treasure of source material for studies of the vivid chapters of the state’s history. Recent acquisitions have been correspondence of John Burke, governor of North Dakota (1907-1913); papers of Louis Kosuth Church, governor of Dakota Territory (1887-1889); papers of Samuel Torgeson, Grand Forks banker; letters, documents and books from J. M. Gillette, professor of sociology at the university, 1907-1950. The library also holds the papers of Webster Merrifield, president of the University (1891-1909).

Brown University Library has recently re-
ceived a gift of $100,000 from Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., to establish a memorial to Arthur Moulton Allen, a classmate of Mr. Rockefeller. The present Social Studies Reading Room in the John Hay Library is to be renamed the “Arthur M. Allen Reading Room” and will contain the portrait now being painted at Mr. Rockefeller’s direction, and a memorial plaque.

A library institute for in-service training for practicing librarians will be held at Emory University August 4 to 9. The first such program offered by Emory since 1939, the institute is expected to attract about 50 librarians from throughout the South.

The Chicago Undergraduate Library of the University of Illinois has replaced its Reference Department with an experimental Department of Library Instruction and Advisement, which maintains very close relationships with both the Department of English and the Student Counseling Bureau. (See its mimeographed “Proposal for a New Type of College Library Department,” a limited number of copies of which are still available on request.)

What are believed to be the first accredited courses in the work of historical agencies were offered last spring at the Library School of the University of Wisconsin, by the staff of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin. Four courses covered the fields of historical records including printed records, private manuscripts and public archives; historical museums, sites and restorations; state and local historiography; and the history and administration of historical agencies. Further details may be had from Miss Rachel Schenk, director of the Library School, University of Wisconsin, Madison; or Dr. Clifford Lord, director, State Historical Society of Wisconsin, 816 State Street, Madison 6, Wisconsin.

Brown University has opened a new photographic laboratory. The extensive new quarters centrally located on the campus are entirely utilized for the work of the laboratory. Formerly located in a small frame structure at the edge of the campus, the laboratory has now acquired a large three-story building with 22 rooms and a floor area of over 7000 square feet. Designed by George C. Henderson, director of the photographic service for the past five years, the new laboratory is completely furnished with all modern equipment required to handle work in many fields of photography.

The dedication of the new library of the State University of Iowa took place on January 25-26. Addresses on the first day included one on “The Student and His Reading” by Dr. Stanley Pargellis of the Newberry Library, and a discussion of the university library’s place in teaching and research by Dean E. T. Peterson, director of libraries, R. E. Ellsworth, and Prof. John E. Briggs.

The second day was devoted to seminar discussions on: “Human Relations Area Files Problems,” “Library Architecture and Building Planning,” “Special Collections and Rare Books,” “Library Implications of General Education Programs,” “Micropublication of Dissertations.”

The book collection at Southwestern College, Winfield, Kansas, was moved into the new library building early in the year. The new building is a two-story structure, modern in design. In addition to the open shelf capacity of the reading rooms there are four levels of stacks. The reading rooms are efficiently lighted by using a combination of fluorescent ceiling lights and sealed-beam spots recessed into the ceiling.

The $850,000 air-conditioned William Allen White Memorial Library on the campus of Kansas State Teachers College of Emporia was dedicated at special ceremonies April 21-22. Modern in design the building is a four-story structure with red brick and stone exterior. Interior features include both natural and fluorescent lighting, forced air ventilation, large glass areas and no solid partitions. The building has a ground area of 20,000 square feet, outside dimensions of 142 x 146 feet, a seating capacity of 800, and shelving capacity for approximately 200,000 volumes.

The dedication and informal opening of the enlarged library building at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, took place on April 18.

The University of Minnesota Library has opened a freshman-sophomore library in an attempt to serve the undergraduate library needs. This library
is the beginning of a plan to bring the undergraduate closer to the materials he must deal with all through college. At the moment the emphasis is on the social sciences. In the future, however, the humanities and the natural and physical sciences will be included. Everything in the library is pointed at one objective, ease of use and withdrawal of books.

All the stacks are in the middle of the reading room, open to all parts of the room, and students browse through them freely. The entire book collection in the reading room is of the self-service type. The shelving arrangement is somewhat unique at the university. The major breakdown is by the main teaching departments served, such as political science, English, etc. Within each group to each book is assigned a circulation number which also serves as a location symbol for the shelf.

At Brooklyn College Library lists of new acquisitions are being prepared by using IBM, the Multilith machine, and punched cards. The cards, punched for new books as they arrive in the library, are first arranged by subject on an IBM sorter. They are then run through and IBM accounting machine which transfers the punched information in list form to a Multilith stencil at the rate of 60 titles per minute. The time and labor saved by utilizing machines will make it possible to issue a list of new books each month.

Cornell University has announced the creation of a central university archives to collect and preserve its historical records. For a first task, the archives organization will assemble and catalog historical material which is already at the university in the collection of regional history, the university library itself and elsewhere. The agency will also establish a procedure for screening records being discarded by various university offices. It will go beyond the campus to seek additional material from alumni, other individuals and additional sources. Both the archives and the collection of regional history will be placed this summer in the new Albert R. Mann Library being completed for the State Colleges of Agriculture and Home Economics.

Dr. George Sarton, emeritus professor of the history of science at Harvard University, has been appointed the A. S. W. Rosenbach Fellow in Bibliography for 1952 at the University of Pennsylvania. In this capacity he will deliver three lectures on "The Appreciation of Ancient and Medieval Science in the Renaissance." The lectures will be heard Oct. 17, 24 and 31. They will deal successively with medicine, philosophy and mathematics.

The Kansas State Teachers College of Emporia announced the establishment of an annual book award for outstanding contributions to the field of children's literature at the dedication of the new William Allen White Library April 21. The project, to be known as the William Allen White Children's Book Award, will be sponsored by the library and the Kansas State Teachers College Department of Library Science. The winning author, who will be selected by the school children of Kansas, will receive a medal which is to be designed by a Kansas artist. Plans are to make the first award in the autumn of 1953.

Controlling interest in the British Book Centre, New York, has been purchased by Captain I. R. Maxwell, managing director of Simpkin Marshall Ltd., the British book wholesalers. He has announced a vigorous expansion program which is expected to alter the entire character of British book distribution in this country.

Projects planned for the Book Centre are the establishment of an international department which will maintain stocks and accept orders for any foreign publication, a magazine subscription department, a publishing department for scholarly and non-fiction titles (also published by other firms abroad) and the creation of a British Book Club to distribute monthly selections chosen by an Anglo-American board of judges.


The Hon. W. W. Astor, Ronald Tree and Walter Pierre Courtauld, who had interests in the Dunstead Trust and the Centre, continue as minority stockholders.

On the fiftieth anniversary of the publica-
tion of The Virginian, May 1952, the University of Wyoming Library opened a memorial exhibition in honor of the book that has become known as the greatest novel of the West that America has yet produced.

Over forty different editions and printings of the novel were on display along with many other interesting items including the original manuscript of four chapters of the novel, given to the University of Wyoming Library recently by the members of the Wister family; two story book dolls representing the Virginian and Molly, given by a friend to Mr. and Mrs. John Hicks when they were married in 1906; several unpublished Wister letters; many photographs of the author; a photostat copy of Owen Wister's first published story “Down in a Diving Bell” which appeared in Hora Scholastica for November 1873, the school paper of St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., etc.

The occasion was also celebrated by presenting a one-half hour radio program over the local radio station, KOWB, about The Virginian and its author, Owen Wister. The broadcast included a thirteen minute recording of an interview between Owen Wister's daughter, Mrs. Walter Stokes, and Luther Evans, Librarian of Congress. The song Ten Thousand Cattle Straying, written by Wister for the drama version was sung on this program by a member of the Music Department of the University of Wyoming.

Two books have been published by the University of Wyoming Library Associates to help commemorate the first fifty years of The Virginian. One book is entitled, My Father, Owen Wister by Frances K. W. Stokes and The Letters Written by Owen Wister to his Mother during his First Trip to Wyoming in 1885. These letters were not known until recently and they contain much new, valuable information about Owen Wister's first visit to Wyoming. The other book consists of Owen Wister's letters from the Western History Department of the University of Wyoming Library and was published on the Southpass Press, one of the oldest presses to come into Wyoming and now put back into operation by the University Library. Both of these books were released at the time of the opening of the exhibition.

A paper, “Fifty Years of The Virginian,” was given by N. Orwin Rush, Director of the University of Wyoming Library, at the opening of the exhibit and has been accepted for publication by the Bibliographical Society of America for its Papers.

Professor Edwin T. Martin, Emory University, is the author of Thomas Jefferson: Scientist, a publication of Henry Schuman (New York, 1952, 289 p., $4.00). Professor Martin has prepared a careful and interesting story of Jefferson's role in science, a story which has never before been assembled in just this way. Other volumes recently released by Henry Schuman include Doctors in Blue: The Medical History of the Union Army in the Civil War, a study based on surgeons' reports, inspectors' observations, soldier narratives and other source materials, by George Washington Adams (235 p., $4.00); The Quest for Utopia, by Glenn Negley, an anthology of 33 imaginary Utopias, 80 per cent of them hitherto unavailable ($6.75); and Elijah Jordan’s Business Be Damned, a critique of American business in its relations to the nation’s industry, its political and legal structure, and its cultural order.

Two new titles in the Barnes and Noble College Outline Series recently received are Readings in Sociology, edited by Alfred McClung Lee (439 p., $1.75), and An Outline of International Relations, by George B. de Huszar and Alfred De Grazia, Jr. (339 p., $1.50). The Lee volume contains 50 readings prepared by 56 social scientists. The Huszar-De Grazia volume includes materials dealing with the United Nations and other international organizations.

1950 study of the use of bookmobiles by English county libraries and includes extensive data on types of vehicles used and on operating methods. Mr. Horrocks' brief guide provides a convenient, clear account of the kinds of official publications issued by the British government, their history, purpose, and present characteristics, together with information about indexes and guides to them, suggestions for arranging them, and an "interim code" for cataloging them.

The American Council of Learned Societies has issued a critique of the report Education and National Security, issued by the Educational Policies Commission of the National Education Association of the United States, the American Association of School Administrators and the Executive Committee of the American Council on Education. This brief (5 p.) statement emphasizes the importance of educational programs in the social sciences and the humanities in a national security program and suggests that the original report did not give sufficient recognition to them. The Winter 1952 number of the ACLS Newsletter (v. 3, no. 1) is devoted to the annual report of the executive director, Learning, the Study of Man.

Columbia University Press has published two important reference titles, The Columbia Lippincott Gazetteer of the World, edited by Leon E. Seltzer, containing over 130,000 accurate, up-to-date articles on the places of the world, past and present ($50), and Forms & Functions of 20th Century Architecture, edited by Talbot Hamlin (4 vols., $75). Mr. Hamlin's work is described as the most comprehensive study on contemporary architecture thus far produced and includes two volumes on types of modern buildings written by specialists in the field as well as the comprehensive study on the structural and aesthetic aspects of architecture largely written by the editor.

William Clayton Bower is the author of Moral and Spiritual Values in Education, a guide to the teaching of values in public schools without violating separation of church and state. (University of Kentucky Press, $3.50).

Rare Books and Research: Addresses Given at the Dedication of the Department of Special Collections, July 28, 1950, has been issued by the University of California Library at Los Angeles (53 p., 1951). In the introduction, Dr. Lawrence C. Powell, librarian, reveals the materialization of an idea which he had jotted down years before in a ten-cent notebook: a research center of special materials for UCLA. The attractively printed pamphlet contains the following addresses: "Rare Books and Research in the Humanities," by Majl Ewing; "Remarks on Rare Books," by Henry R. Wagner; "The Collector of Rare Books," by George L. Harding; "Rare Books and Research in History," by John Walton Caughhey; "Rare Books in a University Library," by James T. Babb; and "The Prevalence of Riches," by Neal Harlow. All librarians should enjoy this contribution to the literature of book collecting and research.

Early English Books at Georgetown has been prepared by John Alden, assistant librarian at Georgetown University, in an effort to remedy the unavoidable omission of Georgetown's holdings from Bishop's Checklist of American Copies of "Short-Title Catalogue" Books. While the number of titles recorded is not large, of five no other copy is to be found in the United States; of eight others only one other copy is recorded; and of eleven, only two other copies are known in this country. A few copies are available for free distribution to institutions and individuals requesting them.

The American School Library Directory: Part I—The South has been published by the R. R. Bowker Company (1952, $15). Lithographed from IBM composition and bound in loose leaf form, Part I records information on 6969 school libraries in 12 southern states, including mailing addresses and all available data on enrollment, grades covered, staff, and budgets for books and periodicals. For each state, city and county system such information as the name of the school library supervisor, per-pupil allotments, minimum standards, and whether the school libraries are operated in whole or in part by public libraries is included. The completed directory will be issued in four parts, one for each major region of the country, and the price of Part I will be applied against the total price when the directory is complete.

Parts 7 and 8 of volume 1 of the second edition of Milkau's Handbuch der Bibliotheks­wissenschaft, edited by Georg Leyh has been issued by K. F. Koehler Verlag, Stuttgart (1950, price 14 DM each).
Two more of the Library of Congress "Departmental and Divisional Manuals" have been published: No. 19, "Disbursing Office" and No. 20, "Order Division." Order from Card Division: No. 19, 40 cents and No. 20, 45 cents. Other recent Library of Congress publications include a new edition of Library and Reference Facilities in the Area of the District of Columbia, prepared jointly by the Washington chapter of the Special Libraries Association and the Library of Congress (4th ed., 1952, 153 p.), and Motion Pictures, 1912-1939 (1256 p., 1951, $18), the first publication in the cumulative series of the Catalog of Copyright Entries. This catalog lists by title 51,112 motion pictures registered for copyright between 1912 and 1939 and includes a name index and a series list. This basic reference volume has been widely reviewed and favorably received in both professional and non-professional journals. A supplementary volume covering the years from 1940 to 1949 is being prepared. These two volumes and subsequent semiannual issues of Motion Pictures and Filmstrips in the regular series of the Catalog of Copyright Entries will constitute a comprehensive bibliography of United States motion pictures from 1912 to the present.

Three new features have been added to Maps and Atlases, part 8 of the Catalog of Copyright Entries, the only comprehensive guide to the non-governmental output of maps and related materials in the United States. The new sections which appeared for the first time in the January-June 1951 issue, published early in March 1952, are an index by area and subject, a publishers' directory, and a list of renewal registrations.

The February 1952 issue of the Library of Congress Quarterly Journal of Current Acquisitions includes two articles on Alfred Whital Stern and the collections of original Lincoln materials he has given to the national library.

The University Press of Washington (D.C.) has published Introduction to Africa; A Selective Guide to Background Reading, prepared in the European Affairs Division of the Library of Congress European Affairs Division (237 p., $1.75). Intended as a guide to background reading for general readers rather than for scholar-specialists in African study, the selection aims to present a well-rounded, balanced picture which includes all points of view. Books, pamphlets, and articles included give information on the country, the people, the history, and political, economic, social and cultural aspects of all regions and countries throughout the continent. Informal annotations seek to interpret the issue rather than the individual publication. This guide is a counterpart to a survey on Europe compiled by the European Affairs Division in 1950. It also marks the first entrance of the University Press into the book publishing field.

The 27th edition of the Blue Book of 16mm Films recently issued by The Educational Screen (172 p., $1.50) describes more than 7000 non-theatrical films available for use by schools, churches, industrial and community organizations. Full data is given on sound, color, length, TV rights, original source and chief national distributors. The basic arrangement is by subject with an alphabetic index to facilitate location of films by title.

The Microcard Foundation, Middletown, Conn., has issued No. 8 of The Microcard Bulletin (February 1952). This issue is the "Third Annual Consolidated Catalog of Microcard Publications," and includes the works available from 19 different publishers. Titles are arranged by Dewey classification numbers. Among the titles listed are the first 50 volumes of the Library Journal and C. H. Melinat's thesis, "The Administration of Interlibrary Loans in American Libraries."

Two charts useful for permanent library display have been published by the Van Allyn Institute, P.O. Box 227, Burbank, California. The Librarian's Visual Aid Chart, available in three sizes and in single or full color, is a schematic diagram of the Dewey Decimal Classification which can be utilized as a guide-chart to shelving arrangements in a particular library. A World's Great Books Chart (17" x 22") illustrating in chronological order 117 great books and giving a concise description of what each book is about is available in one color at $2.50, or in full color for $5.00. Other library aids obtainable from the Van Allyn Institute include a filmstrip on teaching the use of the Readers' Guide (40 frames, $5.00) and a full-color, 14-minute, 16mm sound film, Keys to the Library. The color film is priced at $120, but black-and-white prints are available at $65.

Readings in Ethical Theory, edited by Wil-
frid Sellars and John Hospers (Appleton-Century-Crofts, 707 p., $5.00) is a collection of important papers and other readings intended to provide a “balanced and first-hand account of the theoretical controversies that have developed in ethics since the publication in 1903 of Moore's Principia Ethica.”

Topically arranged, the selections include material from the writings of Bertrand Russell, George Santayana, John Dewey, G. E. Moore, A. C. Ewing, C. D. Broad, Sir David Russell and others. A six-page bibliography of suggestions for further reading is included.

The Department of State has issued Our Foreign Policy 1952 (General Foreign Policy Series 56, 78 p., 25 cents) which describes the steps which the U.S. government is taking to meet major international problems. This summary was prepared at the suggestion of President Truman to tell the people how U.S. foreign policy is made, what it is, and how it works. Copies are obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, Washington 25, D.C.

College and university libraries having archival and manuscript collections will be interested in the Report of the Ad Hoc Committee on Manuscripts of the American Historical Association which appears in the association’s annual report for 1950, pt. 1, p. 64-71. The result of a two-year study of “the arrangement and use of recent large collections,” this report summarizes current “good” practices under the headings of arrangement, guides, acquisition policies, physical protection, qualifications of users and restrictions on the use of the content of manuscripts, facilitation of the use of collections, and protection of the researcher.

In addition to the usual report on the condition of the library, the Annual Report of the librarian of Temple University for 1950/51 includes some interesting statistics on space available for the growth of library collections in the Philadelphia area and comparative data on the size and composition of the library staffs in twenty college and university libraries. Compelled to seek some solution to the overcrowding in Sullivan Library, Mr. Hausdorfer undertook a study of library stack space available for expansion in other libraries in the Philadelphia metropolitan area in order to determine whether other institutions might not have a similar problem.

The pressing need for some kind of cooperative storage seems apparent from his report that 31.8 per cent of all libraries in that area are already critically short of space and that within two years, acute shortages of space will be felt in nearly 64 per cent of the Philadelphia libraries. Hausdorfer's figures on the size and composition of library staffs gives rather detailed comparisons of total staffs and parts of staffs assigned to major activities within library systems and should be of interest to other librarians who might wish to compare their own staff distribution with that in other institutions.

The second edition of Lucyle Hook and Mary V. Garver's manual The Research Paper: Gathering Library Material; Organizing and Preparing the Manuscript has been published by Prentice-Hall (85 p., $1.30). Intended as a handbook for the use of an undergraduate student who is preparing a research paper for the first time, the manual includes an extensive section on using library tools, and offers guidance, with examples, for the preparation of a working bibliography, making outlines, taking card notes, and writing the paper. A sample research paper is included.

The External Research Staff of the Department of State presently is developing a consolidated catalog of non-government research-in-progress in the social sciences on foreign areas and international problems (excluding U.S. foreign policy and relations with other countries). The catalog is designed to provide a comprehensive guide to research that is not systematically cataloged anywhere else in the U.S. It includes both research in progress and research completed but not yet published. Developed from lists published in various professional journals, contributions from individuals and groups who recognize the value of having their research reflected in the catalog, and from personal contacts of members of the External Research Staff, the catalog is limited primarily to the research of university faculties and graduate students. Begun in March 1951, the catalog now records approximately 2000 research projects underway or completed. Information included in the catalog is available to any scholar who can use it, and the External Research Staff, Room 602, State Annex No. 1, Department of State, Washington 25, D.C., invites all scholars to contribute information.

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on their own research. Thirteen of the research lists planned by the staff have been published, each dealing broadly with the research concerned with some particular geographic area. Periodic supplements are planned to keep the lists up to date.

A Handlist of South African Periodicals current in December 1951, superseding an earlier list published in 1946, has been published by the South African Public Library (Grey Bibliography No. 5, 54 p., price $2.50). Compiled by C. Daphne Saul, the list is arranged by subject and is provided with a title index. Information is given on publishers, price and frequency and the list provides a convenient guide to approximately 600 periodical publications.

St. Catharine Junior College, St. Catharine, Kentucky has published The Catholic Booklist, 1952, an annotated bibliography of Catholic reading chosen to guide the recreational and instructional reading of Catholics. The list was edited for the Catholic Library Association by Sister Stella Maris. Copies are available from St. Catharine Junior College at 75 cents each.

Wage Policy in Our Expanding Economy, a report prepared by the Department of Education and Research, Congress of Industrial Organizations (60 p., 50 cents), includes extensive statistical data relevant to general trends within the national economy.

A direct appeal to American business to bring to higher education the added financial support it requires is the substance of a memorandum report, Higher Education and American Business, prepared by the Commission on Financing Higher Education (37 p., free). According to the commission's report, an additional $200 million in financial support is needed if higher education is not to be hurt by inadequate funds. Suggested avenues of support which business corporations might explore are discussed and the scholarship program of the Ford Motor Company Fund is outlined as an example of one type of support program which is in actual operation. Columbia University Press has published another report submitted to the commission, Government Assistance to Universities in Great Britain, prepared by Harold W. Dodds, Louis M. Hacker, and Lindsay Rogers (133 p., $2.50). Each of these three papers discusses aspects of the British government's financial support program for British universities which has been operative since the First World War.

The Junior College Directory, 1952, containing the latest official information on junior colleges in the United States is available from the American Association of Junior Colleges, 1785 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W., Washington 6, D.C. Price $1.00.

Three addresses by Amy Winslow, Clarence Graham, and Luther Evans are included in A Symposium in Public Librarianship, published by the University of California School of Librarianship ($1.25). These lectures were delivered at the Berkeley and Los Angeles campuses in May 1951 during the symposium which was held to commemorate the centenary of the American public library. Miss Winslow's talk deals with the Enoch Pratt Free Library and its place in the life of Baltimore. Mr. Graham analyzes the potential of new forms of library materials, new methods, techniques and devices, and new concepts of library service in vitalizing public library programs, and Dr. Evans discusses the importance of free libraries in building a free world.

A new one-reel 16mm sound film, Using the Scientific Method, has been prepared by Coronet Films, 65 E. South Water St., Chicago, Ill. Available in color ($100) or black and white ($50), this film presents the scientific method in the context of an everyday problem. Beginning with the definition of the problem, the story shows the steps in the procedure: collection of information, formation of a hypothesis, the experimental testing of the hypothesis and retesting the results obtained. A complete catalog of Coronet Films featuring descriptions of 423 16mm sound instructional motion pictures is available free upon request to the company.

The first number of a new quarterly publication, Southern Asia: Publications in Western Languages, a Quarterly Accessions List has been released by the Library of Congress. Designed to supplement the Library's current accessions lists for Russian and East European materials, the present list is sponsored jointly by the Library and the Joint Committee on Southern Asia of the American Council of Learned Societies and the Social Science Research Council. Subscriptions at $2.00 per year, or single copies at 50 cents are available from the Card Division, Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.

(Continued on page 272)
Personnel

James H. Richards, Jr., has been named librarian of the Carleton College Scoville Memorial Library. Mr. Richards assumed his new duties on March 1, 1952, succeeding Mrs. Marian Adams Bryn-Jones, who has gone to Japan as associate librarian of the newly-established International Christian University.

Mr. Richards is an honors graduate of Wesleyan University of Middletown, Conn. During the war, he was instructor, adjutant and classification officer, battery commander, and frontline liaison officer. He was twice awarded the Bronze Star Medal, has the Purple Heart and Army Commendation Medal. After the war, he attended the School of Library Service at Columbia University where he earned the B.S. degree.

In 1947 Mr. Richards went to Earlham College in Richmond, Indiana, where he served as library consultant for a year and librarian for two years. During this time he also served on the Action Committee of the Indiana Library Association, as secretary of the College and University Libraries Round Table of the Association, and was chairman-elect when he left Indiana to be assistant librarian of George Washington University in Washington, D.C.

The Carleton library has collections totaling more than 155,000 volumes and ranks among the foremost of the trans-Appalachian college libraries. It is the largest academic library in Minnesota other than that at the state university.

Carleton has prospects and architectural plans for a new library building that will better meet the college’s needs. Preparations for this major step in the Carleton library’s development will assume an increasingly important role in Mr. Richards’ work in Northfield.

Melvin J. Voigt has been appointed assistant librarian at the University of California at Berkeley, effective July 15, 1952. He assumes the position vacated by Douglas W. Bryant, who has just become administrative assistant librarian at Harvard.

Though Mr. Voigt has spent the last twenty years east of the Rocky Mountains, he is a Californian, born in Upland on March 12, 1911. He attended Chaffey Junior College, graduated with a major in mathematics from Bluffton College, Ohio, and received a B.L.S. in 1936 and an M.L.S. in 1938 from the University of Michigan. While working toward these degrees, he was employed in the Physics and Astronomy Libraries at Michigan, first as assistant and then in charge. In 1938 he became assistant classifier in Michigan’s General Library, leaving this position in 1942 to accept appointment as director of the Library and Publications Research Department for General Mills, Inc. of Minneapolis. There he reorganized the library into an up-to-date technical research service, initiated publication of a library research bulletin, and organized a council of Twin City librarians. His present position at the Carnegie Institute of Technology dates from 1946, when he became librarian and associate professor of library science (promoted to full professor in 1950). In addition to his work at the Institute, Mr. Voigt teaches on a part-time basis at the Carnegie Library School in Pittsburgh, and as visiting professor gave a course in scientific documentation at the University of Michigan last summer.

He is president of the Pennsylvania Library Association and the author of a number of articles appearing in professional journals. At present he is preparing for publication two articles based on papers given at recent meetings of the American Society for Engineering Education, and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He is well-known as the compiler of Subject Headings in Physics.
To the directorship of libraries at the University of Kansas Robert Vosper brings varied experience gained on four university campuses on the Pacific Coast. A native of Oregon and a graduate of its University at Eugene (B.A., and M.A. in classical languages) Vosper added a Berkeley library degree in 1940, and followed it with two years’ experience in order and reference work in the University of California Library at Berkeley. His next move was down state to Stanford where he spent another two years as reference assistant.

In 1944 he became head of the acquisitions department in the UCLA Library and for the next eight years he participated increasingly in the dynamic postwar expansion of the Los Angeles campus, being promoted to assistant librarian in 1948, to associate librarian the following year, and serving as acting university librarian in 1950/51 during the Librarian’s sabbatical leave. During this time Vosper directed an acquisitions program which saw UCLA more than double its size to nearly a million volumes. In his responsibility for administering a newly established centrally directed branch library system, he worked successfully in the fields of engineering, industrial relations, biomedicine and law.

At UCLA Vosper was active also in employee and faculty relationships, serving on key committees of the State Employees Association, as president of the Phi Beta Kappa chapter, and as director of a Men’s Faculty Discussion Group. The California Library Association and national library organizations have also benefited from his work on their committees. He also found time to father four children! His wife, a native of Idaho, was an Oregon classmate.

Robert Vosper’s professional strength derives from a balanced combination of bookish, organizational, and humane interests. He is a graceful and persuasive speaker, an imaginative thinker, a fluent and versatile writer. The Midwest in particular and the profession in general will find in him a tireless pace setter.

California’s loss is the nation’s gain.—Lawrence Clark Powell.

Andrew Horn, the new associate librarian at UCLA, is a bona fide product of that institution. Following an early bent for historical study he proceeded from undergraduate status through a 1943 Ph.D. in medieval history at UCLA. From there, following an army interval, he went to Johns Hopkins as assistant professor of history 1946/47, where his interest in libraries crystallized to the point that he returned west to enter the School of Librarianship at Berkeley. UCLA then called him back, and in the succeeding years he has risen through the library ranks just as effectively and rapidly as he had through the History Department. His first work was in the newly organized Department of Special Collections where his academic experience was put to effective use in the development of archival and mss. programs and in the development of an acquisitions and use program closely geared to the needs of graduate students and faculty. Thus naturally he succeeded his mentor, Neal Harlow, to the Department Headship in 1950 and then to the assistant librarianship in 1951 when Harlow left to take over the U. of British Columbia Library.

As associate librarian he will guide the library’s public service program and handle budgeting and personnel matters. Mr. Horn is active in both library and historical societies and writes frequently for both groups. Microfilming and archival development are special interests; last summer he attended the Archival Institute in Washington.

The new assistant librarian at UCLA is Gordon R. Williams, recently assistant chief of Technical Services at the John Crerar Library, and during his stint at G.L.S. administrative assistant to the chief of Readers Services in the University of Chicago Library. Mr. Williams is also a California product.
CARLYLE J. FRAHEY has been appointed assistant librarian at Duke University succeeding the late Robert W. Christ and will assume his duties there early in September.

A graduate of Oberlin College, Frarey worked for several years as a non-professional assistant in the catalog department of that library prior to entering the army in 1942. Following four years' service with the Air Force in which he served as a weather forecaster, a public relations specialist, and an historical officer, he completed his professional degree at Columbia in 1947, and worked for three years as a cataloger in the City College Library, New York. He returned to Columbia in the fall of 1950 as research assistant in the School of Library Service, assisting Dr. Maurice F. Tauber. He completed work for the M.S. degree in June 1951. Most recently he has been completing the residence requirements for his doctorate and teaching introductory courses in bibliography, technical services, and organization of materials at Columbia. He is presently a member of the summer session faculty at that school.

Frarey's interests, training and experience have been chiefly concentrated in the technical services where he had been concerned with the use of the catalog, subject headings, and management and administration of technical service activities. He has been assisting in the assembling of materials for a revision of The University Library, by L. R. Wilson and M. F. Tauber.

Frarey is a member of Phi Beta Kappa, American Library Association, Association of College and Reference Libraries, the Division of Cataloging and Classification, the New York Library Club, and the New York Regional Catalog Group. He has served as a member of the Division of Cataloging and Classification Committee on Constitution and By-Laws and was a participant in the pre-ALA Conference Institute at Columbia this summer on Subject Analysis of Materials. Contributor of a number of book reviews to professional journals, he is a member of the editorial staff of College and Research Libraries.—M.F.T.

D. LESTER ASHEIM has been appointed dean of the Graduate Library School of the University of Chicago. Dr. Asheim assumed his duties on May 1, 1952.

The new dean received his Ph.D. degree from the Graduate Library School in 1949. He joined the faculty of the Graduate Library School in that year and assumed the duties of dean of students in January, 1951. Dr. Asheim holds the B.A., B.L.S., and M.A. in English from the University of Washington. He was elected to Phi Beta Kappa in 1941.

Dr. Asheim is the author of Report on the Conference on Reading Development and editor of A Forum on the Public Library Inquiry. He assisted former Dean Berelson on the volume, The Library's Public, and has contributed articles to several magazines and journals. He is currently acting managing editor of The Library Quarterly. His fields of special interest are education for librarianship, public library services, and the agencies of popular culture. His doctoral dissertation, "From Book to Film" deals with an aspect of this latter subject.
Before coming to the University of Chicago, Dr. Asheim had been a regional librarian for the Federal Public Housing Authority, librarian of the U. S. Penitentiary, McNeil Island, Washington, and junior librarian in the Library of the University of Washington. During the war, he served with the Signal Intelligence Branch of the U. S. Signal Corps in Alaska.

Forrest F. Carhart, Jr., assistant director of libraries at the University of Denver, has accepted appointment as librarian for the Air Force Human Resources Research Center.

Carhart assumed his new duties at the Center's headquarters at Lackland Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas, in early June. He joined the Denver library staff in 1949.

The Research Center, with operating units at 14 Air Force bases in eight states, is the largest non-medical, non-material research organization in the United States military establishment. Its over 1,000 military and professional personnel conduct scientific studies for evaluation of Air Force personnel and for the improvement of training.

Carhart will supervise operations of a Lackland library which serves the Center's approximately 600 military and professional personnel at that base. The library's facilities also are available to personnel manning the Center's laboratories and field sections at other bases.

Prior to joining the University of Denver library staff, Carhart was head of the circulation department of the Iowa State College library. He previously had been assistant librarian at the University of West Virginia and head of the Mathematics-Economics Library at the University of Michigan.

A native of Sheffield, Iowa, he graduated from Drake University, Des Moines, Iowa, in 1939, and received his bachelor's degree in library science at the University of Michigan in 1941. Two years later he received his master's degree at Michigan.

At the time he accepted the position at Iowa State College, Carhart was president-elect of the West Virginia Library Association.

He is a member of the American Association of University Professors, American Library Association, Association of College and Reference Libraries, Colorado Library Association and the Rocky Mountain Region of the Bibliographical Center for Research.

Jean H. McFarland assumes a newly created title, assistant librarian in charge of Service, at the University of California, Berkeley, effective May 1, 1952. She will be responsible for all Main Library public service departments and seventeen branch libraries.

A native Californian, Miss McFarland was born in Riverside, and is a graduate of Pomona College, Claremont. Miss McFarland's appointment as assistant librarian in charge of Service follows on almost twenty years of service in the University Library at Berkeley. She was first appointed to a position in Accessions as librarian, junior grade, in July 1930, following graduation from the UC School of Librarianship. With only one break—she attended Columbia University in 1934/35, obtaining a Master's in Economics—she worked in the library until 1943, serving successively in Biology, Reference, Catalog, and the Loan and Shelf Division, of which she was made chief. Beginning in August, 1943, Miss McFarland took military leave to serve as a WAVE officer in the U.S. Navy. She returned in 1946 to become head of the General Reference Service, the position she held when she was made acting head of General Services in November 1949.
Appointments

E. Hugh Behymer, librarian of Bethany College, Bethany, N.Y., has been granted a Fulbright Award to conduct seminars and discussion groups in library science in Australia.

William Reed Brandt, assistant librarian of the University Club Library of New York since 1947, became librarian of Ripon College, Ripon, Wisconsin, in March, 1952.

Charles H. Brown, librarian emeritus of Iowa State College, was appointed visiting professor of library science at the Florida State University for the spring semester of 1952.

Charles E. Butler, librarian of the University of West Virginia, has been granted a Guggenheim fellowship for creative writing. He will be in Dublin during 1952-53.

Georgia R. Coffin, formerly rare book room assistant at the University of Illinois Library, has been appointed librarian of the new Rare Book and Manuscript Department of the Cornell University Library.

Frederick N. Cromwell has resigned as librarian of the University of Arizona in order to become director of the U. S. Information Libraries in Spain, succeeding William C. Haygood.


Francis J. Flood is now assistant professor and chairman of the Department of Library Science at the University of Missouri.

John Forsman has been appointed head of the Reserve Book Room at the University of Southern California, Los Angeles.

Carl J. Frommherz (Columbia '41) has been appointed chief catalog librarian at the Chicago Undergraduate Library of the University of Illinois.

Fred L. Genthner, formerly periodical service librarian at Ball State Teachers College in Muncie, Indiana, has joined the staff of the library of California State Polytechnic College at San Luis Obispo.

Richard J. Hofstad has been appointed circulation librarian of the Riggs Memorial Library, Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

Isabel M. Holmes has been appointed senior cataloger of the Princeton University Library.

Robert P. Lang is librarian of the New York State Teachers College, New Paltz.

John R. McKenna has been appointed assistant librarian of Bowdoin College.

Kent U. Moore, formerly head cataloger and assistant librarian of Kenyon College, has been appointed chief of the cataloging division of Southern Illinois University in Carbondale, Illinois.

Charles D. Hickey, formerly in charge of acquisitions at Montana State University, is now acquisitions librarian for the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, Washington, D.C. He assumed his new position in July.

Ruben Weltsch was appointed reference librarian at the University of Cincinnati Library on April 1, 1952. Mr. Weltsch was previously reference librarian at Rice Institute (1949-1952).

Max Bissainthe, Director of the Bibliothèque Nationale of Haiti, and a graduate of the School of Library Service at Columbia University, has been decorated and has been elected to the rank of Officer in the National Order "Honneur et Mérite," for his outstanding contribution to Haitian culture in producing the Dictionnaire de Bibliographie Haïtienne.

Mrs. Maxine H. Wallin has been appointed chief circulation librarian, Agriculture Library, University of Minnesota, St. Paul.

Rudolph Johnson has been appointed acquisitions librarian, Agriculture Library, University of Minnesota, St. Paul.

John Lester Nolan, formerly assistant director of the Processing Department, Library of Congress, is director for library services for the Department of State. He replaces Douglas Bryant, who has been appointed administrative assistant librarian at Harvard University.

Louis Schultheiss, formerly Art & Architecture Librarian, has been appointed chief circulation librarian, University of Denver Libraries, succeeding Melvin Newman, who resigned to take a position as librarian, U.S. Air Force, Mildenhall, Suffolk, England.

Charles Spencer has been appointed reference librarian in the Business Administration Library, University of Denver.

Julian P. Boyd, librarian on leave from Princeton University, has been appointed professor of history, effective in the fall of 1952.
He will relinquish his library post but continues as editor, *The Jefferson Papers*. The sixth of the 52-volume series is ready for the press. Dr. Boyd was a 1952 Guggenheim award winner.

Louis D. Sass of the College of the City of New York Library has been appointed Lecturer in Librarianship, School of Librarianship, University of California (Berkeley) beginning July 1, 1952. Mr. Sass holds A.B. and A.M. degrees from the University of Nebraska and is a graduate of the School of Library Service of Columbia University. He is at present a candidate for the Doctor of Philosophy Degree in the Philosophy Department at Columbia.

Three new staff positions in Yale University's Sterling Memorial Library have been established. James Gordon Kenefick, head of the circulation department and a research associate, has been named to fill a new post of assistant librarian in which he will act as liaison member between the main library and the various collections of technical and specialized books housed in other departments of the university.

Mr. Kenefick will be in direct charge of these collections in the Department of Drama and the School of the Fine Arts. In his relationship to the other departmental collections, he will serve as an adviser and coordinator.

Robert F. Metzdorf, cataloger and former visiting scholar at Harvard University's Houghton Library, has been appointed to the new position of curator of manuscripts. He will also serve as secretary to the editorial committee editing the Papers of James Boswell. The appointment is effective August 1.

Mrs. Henrietta T. Perkins, at present acting head cataloguer and reference librarian of the Yale School of Medicine Library, has been promoted to the new post of Assistant Librarian there.

Mr. Metzdorf and Mrs. Perkins have also been named research associates.

Mortimer Taube, formerly deputy chief, Technical Information Service, Atomic Energy Commission, announces the organization of "Documentation, Inc.", a new service in the publication, analysis, organization and communication of specialized information, 1832 Jefferson Place, N.W., Washington 6, D.C.

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Necrology

Reuben Peiss, associate professor at the University of California School of Librarianship, died on February 23, 1952. After distinguished service at Harvard, the Office of Strategic Services, the Library of Congress Mission in Germany and the State Department's Acquisition and Distribution Division, he accepted his professorial appointment at Berkeley in 1950. Mr. Peiss not only had an enviable publication record, notably his History of Libraries (1950), a translation and expansion of the work by Alfred Hessel, but he was also known among his friends and professional associates as a ready and critical thinker on his feet and in the classroom. At Berkeley his intellectual qualities won him many friends among other members of the faculty, and his death was as severe a blow to them as it was to the profession at large.—L.S.T.

Harold L. Leupp,* librarian emeritus of the University of California Library at Berkeley, died on February 11, 1952. He served as associate librarian from 1910 to 1919 and as librarian from 1919 to 1945. During his tenure the Berkeley library assumed undisputed leadership among the research collections of the Pacific Coast; and at the time of his death the quantity (close to 2,000,000 volumes) and quality of the library placed it among the half dozen leading libraries in North America.

Mr. Leupp distinguished himself not only as an administrator but also a torchbearer of the humane tradition of librarianship. In his first annual report he emphasized (in speaking of his predecessor, Joseph C. Rowell, head librarian at Berkeley for forty-four years) "that Method is a poor substitute for Knowledge, and Apparatus for Personality." Nevertheless, in spite of Mr. Leupp's abundant store of knowledge and his distinguished personality, the method and the apparatus that he established at Berkeley set a high standard for his contemporaries.

It would be neither proper nor even possible to attempt to assign Mr. Leupp a particular position in his generation of university librarians. It is safe, however, to assume that future academic librarians will speak with conviction of the twenties and the thirties as the age of the Bishops, the Putnams, the Browns, the Wilsons, the Mitchells, and the Leupps.—L.S.T.

Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach, noted book collector, editor and author, died on July 1, after a long illness.

Retirements

Mrs. Reba Davis Clevenger retired from her position of assistant librarian, University of North Carolina (N. C. State Agricultural and Mechanical College), West Raleigh, on July 1, 1951, after seventeen years of service with that institution.

Charles M. Baker, librarian of the University of Kansas since 1928, retired on June 30, 1952. Born in Boston, Mass., in 1887, Mr. Baker received the A.B. and A.M. degrees from Harvard and was graduated from the New York State Library School at Albany in 1918. He taught English at Syracuse University and served with the ALA War Service during World War I. From 1919 to 1928 he was assistant librarian at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill. He has served as president of the Kansas Library Association, and he was appointed by the governor of Kansas to serve on the Kansas State Library Survey Commission for 1949-51.

During Mr. Baker's librarianship the holdings of the University of Kansas Library have grown from 210,000 to over a half a million volumes. Full-time staff appointments have increased from twenty-one to forty-one. The library plant has been enlarged by two additions to the library to house offices, reading rooms, and 280,000 volumes.

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Foreign Libraries

Carl Wendel, retired director of the University of Halle (Saale) Library, died on July 16, 1951 at the age of seventy-seven.

André Bovet, for many years director of the City Library of Neuchâtel, died in 1950 at the age of sixty.

Jakob Fellin, retired director of the University of Graz Library, died on August 24, 1951, at the age of eighty-three.

Viktor Burr, formerly of the University of Tübingen Library, became director of the University of Bonn Library on November 1, 1951.

Walter Till, director of the Papyrus Collection of the Oesterreichische Nationalbibliothek, has retired.

News from the Field

(Continued from page 264)

A. D. Roberts has issued the second edition of Introduction to Reference Books (The Library Association, Chaucer House, Malet Place, London, W.C.1, 1951, 214 p., 15s (10s.6d. to members). In this new edition, Mr. Roberts has included revisions on more than half the pages of the first edition, as well as a chapter on bibliographical works of reference. Three appendices include a “Note on Tracing and Selecting New Works of Reference,” “Questions for Practical Work,” and “Addenda. July 1951.”

The Nature of Roman Comedy: A Study in Popular Entertainment, by George E. Duckworth, has been issued by the Princeton University Press (1952, 501 p., $7.50). Professor Duckworth deals primarily with the works of Plautus and Terence. He analyzes and discusses the plots and characters of the plays, stage conventions, suspense and irony, etc. of the two playwrights. The volumes contains a bibliography and detailed index.

Principles and Practices of Classified Advertising, edited by Morton J. A. McDonald, has been published in a revised edition under the auspices of the Association of Newspaper Classified Advertising Managers, Inc. (Culver City, Calif., Murray and Gee, 1952, 470 p. $7.50). The volume, which contains a glossary and illustrations, is a useful reference work on the subject.

Two volumes of American foreign relations have recently appeared. Documents on American Foreign Relations, 1950, vol. XII, edited by Raymond Dennett and Robert K. Turner (Princeton University Press, 1951, 702 p., $6.00) is another in the series being issued under the auspices of the World Peace Foundation. Recent American Foreign Policy, Basic Documents 1941-1951 by Francis O. Wilcox and Thorsten V. Kalijarvi (Appleton-Century-Crofts, 1952, 927 p., $6.50) is an expansion of an earlier volume, A Decade of American Foreign Policy, and includes some fifty or sixty documents which cover 1950 and 1951. Brief editorial notes have also been added.

The second edition of a List of Business Manuscripts in Baker Library, compiled by Robert W. Lovett, has been issued by the Graduate School of Business Administration, Harvard University (1951, 213 p. $1.50). The first list, issued in 1932, contained 508 entries; the new edition contains 1,118 entries.

Cataloging and Classification: An Introductory Manual, by Thelma Eaton (1951, 113 p., Distributed by The Illini Union Bookstore, Champaign, Ill., $1.50) has been designed as an undergraduate introduction to cataloging and classification problems.

The Year’s Work in Librarianship, vol. XV, 1948, has been issued by The Library Association (London, 1952, 281 p., £2., £1.10s. to members). The volume includes reports by regular contributors, in addition to some new ones—A. Shaw Wright, LeRoy C. Merritt, R. W. Pound, P. D. Record, and K. W. Humphreys. Dr. Merritt, of the School of Librarianship, University of California, has written the chapter on “Research in Librarianship.” Frances M. Birkett has prepared the chapter on “National and University Libraries.” It is hoped that The Library Association will some day issue this useful compilation more currently than it has been able to in recent years.