
To the relatively small shelf of books on comparative librarianship one is glad to welcome another—and useful—addition. This volume, consisting of twelve essays edited by Miles M. Jackson, Jr., aims at giving us "a composite view of the problems, progress, and prospects for librarianship" (p. vii), and it does offer some interesting studies of certain aspects of the profession. Although the editor recognizes the difficulty of giving comprehensive treatment to the subject, he credits the compilation with a "worldwide basis," which, in the strict sense, it lacks. According to this reviewer's calculation (re-checked against the country entries in the index), none of the twelve studies deals with such important areas of the world as India, Southeast Asia, and the Far East; for Europe there is no mention of Italy (or of Sweden either); and all articles on the Western Hemisphere omit the British Caribbean. Granted the impossibility of full geographic coverage, it would have been interesting to see additional articles providing some discussion of these areas; perhaps the editor planned for their inclusion, and they failed to materialize.

The opening article is Louis Shores' essay "Comparative Librarianship: A Theoretical Approach," which presents some thoughtful reflections based on many years of experience. In it he offers the thesis that "librarianship as a profession can best improve itself by comparative study" (p. 4), but, perhaps more importantly, he pleads for qualitative as well as quantitative comparisons. The remaining eleven studies are distributed into four groups, corresponding to the traditional type-of-library division: public (3), academic (3), national (3), and special (2) (actually public and school libraries are grouped together in a section entitled "Public Libraries and Media Centers," and one of the three articles is devoted to the latter). Although the authors hail from the Anglo-American world (eight from the U.S. and four from the British Commonwealth), all have had wide experience with the areas on which they write, even though the lack of biographical information in the book prevents this from being clear.

As far as range in geographic coverage goes, the national library fares by far the best, with Latin America, the U.S.S.R., and Africa each treated in a separate article. There is one essay (on classification and information retrieval) devoted to Europe and one (on special libraries and information centers) to Southwest Asia; three on the U.S. and one each on Canada, Australia, and West Africa compose the remaining six. Indeed the most homogeneous section consists of the three articles on national libraries and bibliography (the one on Latin America excludes the latter topic). For this reason the reader regrets the lack of additional essays about similar institutions in Europe and Asia, especially since two basic sources, the *Library Trends* issue devoted to national libraries and *National Libraries: Their Problems and Prospects* (the publication resulting from UNESCO-sponsored symposium), appeared in 1955 and 1960 respectively.

While space limitations preclude the analysis here of individual articles, the three dealing with the American scene ("Public Library Services in the Inner City," by Milton Byam; "School Libraries and Librarianship," by Carolyn Whitenack; and "Automation in the Academic Library in the United States," by Clayton Shepherd)—interesting essays in themselves—are, perhaps understandably, the least international in their outlook; they make little or no reference to comparable situations overseas.

Most articles are descriptive rather than evaluative or critical in tone; style naturally varies from author to author, but on the whole is adequate, although several writers exhibit a tendency to throw in asides which, while often interesting, are not particularly germane to the topic on which they are writing. All studies have notes at the end, and most a bibliography as well. Although the book contains no illustrations, several essays present helpful statistical tables. In this connection one wonders why the three sets of figures drawn from *The World of Learning* and entitled "Books in
the National Libraries of the U.S.S.R., Latin America, Africa" (p.291-93) appear as an Appendix; they would obviously be of greater utility placed with the respective articles.

The index (p.295-307) appears to be more than adequate as far as entries under countries and names of specific institutions go, although there are a few problems—e.g., entries under both Egypt and United Arab Republic, but not references to the same pages. The policy on entry for cities seems somewhat inconsistent, but the greatest drawback, at least in this reader's view, lies in the topical entries. The heading for national libraries does not even record the pages for two of the three articles in the volume (granted that they also deal with bibliographies), nor does the cross reference "Special libraries. . . . See also Library and libraries; National libraries; University libraries" seem helpful. Moreover in a volume on librarianship one wonders what purpose the phrase "Library and libraries" serves. Random check of entries failed to disclose any blind references.

The volume is well printed; this reviewer noted very few typographical errors, even in citations to foreign language publications. There were, however, a few minor inconsistencies of bibliographical style, probably due to slips in making entries submitted by twelve authors conform to house style.

We are indebted to the compiler and publisher for making available a group of interesting essays—all of them worth reading. And perhaps that is the best way to judge such a volume, for the difficulties in securing overall unity and comprehensiveness are almost insurmountable.—William Vernon Jackson, George Peabody College for Teachers and Vanderbilt University.

OTHER BOOKS OF INTEREST TO ACADEMIC LIBRARIANS


Baird, Violet M., ed. Texas Medical History in the Library of the University of Texas Southwestern Medical School. Dallas, TX.: University of Texas Southwestern Medical School, 1972. 91p. $10.00 (76-187337).


