port College) are less self-consciously related to educational reform. All are useful descriptions of specific program developments which reflect a sophisticated course-related/course-integrated approach to library instruction. The articles reflect how the library can both respond to educational change and be a catalyst for change. This volume, like the previous proceedings, includes the EMU library director’s introduction to the conference, Carolyn Kirkendall’s state-of-LOEX (Library Orientation and Instruction Exchange—the clearinghouse for information on the conference subject), Hannelore B. Rader’s annual annotated bibliography of the library orientation and instruction literature, as well as A. P. Marshall’s always stirring “sermon” on librarians as educators.

Buried among these familiar aspects is Richard Dougherty’s paper “Getting a Larger Slice of the Budget Pie for Library Instruction.” This analysis of the real world of competition for a piece of the library’s budget is on target. Every instruction librarian should read the article and take its points to heart.

Library and academic administrators can read this volume and sense the variety and high level of development that has occurred in the field. Library instruction is no longer the special program of a few institutions, and this volume reflects that. Practicing instruction librarians should scan the contents for those choice suggestions and specific ideas that will help them improve their programs. They will not be disappointed.—Thomas G. Kirk, Berea College, Berea, Kentucky.


Walter Ristow, retired chief of the Geography and Map Division in the Library of Congress, has been a prolific and valuable contributor to the literature in the field of maps over the past forty years. Though most of his published works are in the areas of cartobibliography and the history of cartography, he has also written numerous papers on various aspects of map librarianship. It is from the latter area that the selections for this book are drawn. Essentially a collection of reset reprints of articles written by Ristow from 1939 to 1979, The Emergence of Maps in Libraries provides fresh access to widely scattered, mostly out-of-print material. The thirty-five essays have been arranged in seven parts, touching on most of the daily issues facing custodians of map collections and also giving a history of the development of this branch of special librarianship. Well written and readable, these selections, while often a summary of the state of the art at the time they were written, provide the reader with bibliographical references for further exploration of the topic. The variety of periodicals from which these essays were taken and the varied levels of approach testify to the multidisciplined audience for cartographic information.

It is frequently illuminating to read articles on a particular subject published over the course of many years, and some sections of this volume are well served by this approach. “Part I: History and Development of Map Librarianship,” written at ten-year intervals, for example, benefits from the immediacy of Ristow’s assessments of the profession. The same is true in “Part IV: Reference and Bibliographical Services,” where the selection of articles aptly demonstrates the correlation between historical events and the demands made on a cartographical collection and its keepers.

Some sections, however, are not so well served. “Part III: Technical Services” contains articles written from 1966 to 1979. The selections that discuss the Geography and Map Division’s work and progress with machine-readable map cataloging were written in 1966 and 1971. Much has happened in this area of librarianship in nine years. Though the introduction informs the reader of the time gap in this particular instance and of the potential for similar anomalies in other areas, it would seem that the 1980 imprint places certain editorial responsibilities on the publisher—in this case, a postscript or a supplementary bibliography.

The user of this volume, then, must always keep in mind the year in which each selection was written. Some works cited by Ristow as being in the process of publication were indeed published and are now
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difficult to obtain; others either were never published at all or were published under very changed circumstances. An example is Lawrence Martin’s biographical study of John Mitchell, which includes a cartobibliographical study of Mitchell’s map of 1755. On page 215 of a piece first published in 1950, Ristow suggests the summer of 1952 as a probable date for the appearance of the Martin study. It was not published at that time, however. In Ristow’s article “John Mitchell’s Map . . .” in A la Carte,* one discovers that Martin died before his manuscript could be edited and published, that the manuscript itself had disappeared, and that Ristow was obliged to compile the 1972 article on Mitchell using work previously published by Martin.

Given the variety of data available in this volume it is unfortunate that editorial shortcomings will reduce its usefulness. It is puzzling that Shoe String Press, a publisher of library materials, has omitted an index. Ristow’s articles were originally written to stand alone, and there is a wealth of information included in each piece that is not reflected in its title. An index is always desirable, but in this case it is a necessity and the absence of even a simple guide is a serious oversight.

These omissions are more arresting because Shoe String Press went to the effort of resetting the texts of these thirty-five articles instead of publishing a facsimile reprint. There is no sign of any further input on their part, however. While the press’ concern with form is appreciated, the lack of editorial concern with content is apparent.—Susan L. Danforth, Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island.


The growth of environmental literature over the last decade has been little short of phenomenal. Librarians who deal with environmental collections and the users who need to access them are always glad to see a