

## ROVIBRATIONAL INTERACTIONS IN THE GROUND AND TWO LOWEST EXCITED VIBRATIONAL STATES OF METHOXY ISOCYANATE

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Recent detection of methyl isocyanate ( $\text{CH}_3\text{NCO}$ ) in the Orion<sup>a</sup>, towards Sgr B2(N)<sup>b</sup> and on the surface of the comet 67P/Churyumov-Gerasimenko<sup>c</sup> motivated us to study another isocyanate, methoxy isocyanate ( $\text{CH}_3\text{ONCO}$ ) as a possible candidate molecule for searches in the interstellar clouds. Neither identification or laboratory rotational spectra of  $\text{CH}_3\text{ONCO}$  has been reported up to now.

Methoxy isocyanate was synthesized by the flash vacuum pyrolysis of N-Methoxycarbonyl-O-methyl-hydroxylamine ( $\text{MeOC(O)NHOMe}$ ) at a temperature of 800 K. Experimental spectrum of  $\text{CH}_3\text{ONCO}$  was recorded in situ in the millimeter-wave range (75-105 GHz and 150-330 GHz) using Lille's fast-scan fully solid-state DDS spectrometer. The recorded spectrum is strongly perturbed due to the interaction between the overall rotation and the skeletal torsion. Perturbations affect even rotational transitions with low  $K_a$  levels of the ground vibrational state, appearing in shifting frequency predictions and intensities distortions of the lines. The interactions are significant due to the relatively small vibrational energy difference ( $\approx 50 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) between the states and different representations of the  $C_s$  symmetry point group for the ground ( $A'$ ),  $\nu_{18} = 1$  ( $A''$ ) and  $\nu_{18} = 2$  ( $A'$ ) vibrational states, thus leading to a "ladder" of multiple resonances by means of  $a$ -, and  $b$ -type Coriolis coupling. The global fit analysis of the rotational spectrum of methoxy isocyanate using Coriolis coupling terms in the ground and two lowest vibrational states ( $\nu_{18} = 1$  and  $\nu_{18} = 2$ ) will be presented.

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<sup>a</sup>J. Cernicharo, N. Marcelino, E. Roueff *et al.* 2012, *ApJ*, **759**, L43

<sup>b</sup>D. T. Halfen, V. V. Ilyushin, & L. M. Ziurys, 2015, *ApJ*, **812**, L5

<sup>c</sup>F. Goesmann, H. Rosenbauer, J. H. Bredehöft *et al.* 2015, *Science*, **349.6247**, aab0689