

## ROTATIONAL AND ISOTOPIC STUDY OF THE ZnBr RADICAL ( $^2\Sigma^+$ )

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The pure rotational spectrum of ZnBr ( $^2\Sigma^+$ ) has been recorded using millimeter-wave direct absorption spectroscopy. This species was generated in the gas phase via the reaction of zinc vapor with CH<sub>3</sub>Br in the presence of a DC discharge. Multiple rotational transitions were measured for 6 isotopologues ( $^{64}\text{Zn}^{79}\text{Br}$ ,  $^{64}\text{Zn}^{81}\text{Br}$ ,  $^{66}\text{Zn}^{79}\text{Br}$ ,  $^{66}\text{Zn}^{81}\text{Br}$ ,  $^{68}\text{Zn}^{79}\text{Br}$ , and  $^{68}\text{Zn}^{81}\text{Br}$ ) in the frequency range of 270-300 GHz, each of which consisted of spin-rotation splittings. Furthermore, transitions originating in the  $v = 1$  through 3 excited vibrational states for certain isotopologues were obtained. The equilibrium rotational constant for  $^{64}\text{Zn}^{79}\text{Br}$  ( $B_e$ ) was calculated to be near 2780 MHz, resulting in an equilibrium bond length ( $r_e$ ) of 2.25 Å.