

## SEMI-EXPERIMENTAL EQUILIBRIUM STRUCTURE DETERMINATION OF THIOPHENE (C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>4</sub>S)

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Thiophene (C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>4</sub>S,  $C_{2v}$  symmetry,  $\mu_a = 0.55$  D) is the sulfur analog of furan. With the intent of improving its gas-phase structure determination, its rotational spectrum was collected from 8 – 360 GHz, and 21 deuterium containing isotopologues were synthesized and their rotational spectra were collected from 130 – 360 GHz. The heavy atom <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>34</sup>S, and <sup>33</sup>S isotopologues were observable in the rotational spectra of the normal isotopologue and several deuterium containing forms at natural abundance. The resultant determinable rotational constants ( $A''$ ,  $B''$ ,  $C''$ ) were computationally corrected for vibration-rotation interactions and electron mass with CCSD(T) calculations and 24 total isotopologues were least-squares fit to afford the semi-experimental equilibrium structure ( $r_e^{SE}$ ). For comparison, theoretical structures were determined at several levels of theory up to CCSD(T)/cc-pCV5Z. The quintuple zeta structure was further refined to account for extrapolation to the complete basis set limit, residual electron correlation beyond CCSD(T), relativistic effects, and the diagonal Born-Oppenheimer correction. The resultant  $r_e^{SE}$  structure and "best" theoretical structure are compared.