SPECTROSCOPIC LINE PARAMETERS OF HELIUM- AND HYDROGEN-BROADENED $^{12}\mathrm{C}^{16}\mathrm{O}$ TRANSITIONS IN THE 3–0 BAND FROM 6270 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\mathrm{TO}$ 6402 cm^{-1} .

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We present helium- and hydrogen-broadened linewidths, pressure-induced shifts, and collisional narrowing coefficients for selected lines in the P- and R- branch of the second overtone (3–0) band of CO, spanning from 6270 cm⁻¹to 6402 cm⁻¹. The contribution of speed dependent effects and partial correlation between velocity-changing and dephasing collisions on the foreign broadened line shapes are also discussed. The data were obtained using the frequency-stabilized cavity ringdown spectroscopy technique. Spectra were collected at room temperature over a pressure range from 13.3 kPa to 100 kPa. The spectrum frequency axis is referenced via an optical frequency comb to a Cs clock, which provides pressure shifting values with uncertainties as low as 100 kHz/atm. The spectra exhibited signal-to-noise ratios as high as 20,000:1, which enables rigorous tests of theoretical line profiles through multi-spectrum least squares data analysis. The partially correlated, quadratic-speed-dependent Nelkin Ghatak profile gives a quality of fit mostly commensurate with the high spectrum signal-to-noise and minimizes structural residuals.